Solvation Controlled Luminescence of Samarium(II) Complexes

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Abstract

Changes in solvation of samarium diiodide (Sml_2) can significantly alter the interaction between a ligand and metal. Addition of the appropriate "crown ether" to Sml_2 in acetonitrile not only stabilizes the ground state complex but also generates a highly luminescent complex. The advantage of direct excitation of lanthanide(II) complexes includes elimination of different deactivation pathways as well as the multi-step syntheses involved in preparing "antenna" ligands necessary for producing luminescent lanthanide(III) complexes.

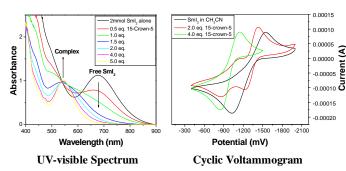
Hypothesis

◆ Providing a chelating ligand for Sml₂ in a solvent incapable of displacing it significantly enhances the luminescent properties of Sm(II) by: 1.) *encapsulating the metal through a strong metal-ligand interaction* and 2) *decreasing the frequency of solvent collision.*

Experimental Approach

• *UV-visible Spectroscopy* was used to show that a well defined complex was formed upon the addition of 2 equiv. of 15-crown-5 to Sml₂. A visible color change from *muddy green* to *bright red* was also observed during complex formation.

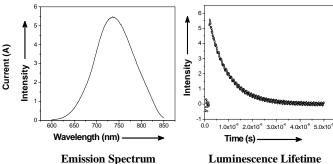
♦ Cyclic Voltammetry was used to measure the oxidation (loss of an electron) for the Sm(15-crown-5)₂ complex. The addition of 15-crown-5 to Sml₂ in acetonitrile clearly produces a more stable and less reactive complex.



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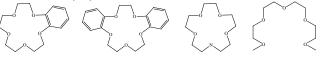


• A *luminescence lifetime* experiment was performed to examine the stability of the excited state of the Sm(15-crown-5)₂ complex. The excited state lifetime (τ) of 0.80 ±0.01µs for the Sm(15-C-5)₂ complex is the longest excited state lifetime reported for a Sm(II) complex in solution. The emission spectrum and excited state lifetime for the Sm(15-crown-5)₂ complex is shown below.



Current and Future Work

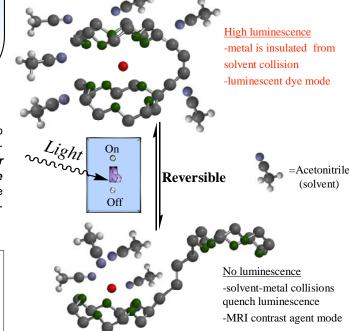
• Examine the properties of 15-crown-5 ether derivatives.



- How will increased steric bulk effect the ligand-metal interaction and luminescent lifetime of the complex?
- Do other lanthanide (II) metals such as europium or ytterbium exhibit fluorescence under similar conditions?

Potential Applications

- ♦ Long wavelength (>520nm) light emitting dyes (fluorescent probes) for biological imaging and assays
- Dual Mode Agent- MRI contrast agent or luminescent dye
 (shown below)



Acknowledgements

We thank the National Science Foundation (CHE-0413845) for support of this work.

This work was recently published in *Angewandte Chemie International Edition*, **2007**, *46*, 1145-1148 and given **VIP** (Very Important Paper) status, a designation given to <5% of the papers accepted by the journal.